on pa	candida	***************************************	to be filled in		WD-11-1	·I)-A/2023	Paper Code	6	4	7 3	
	hysics (d			(For All S	essions)	(Group-I)	Time: 20 N	linutes	M:	arks: 17	7
No ans	te: Write Answe	ers to the Question er correct, fill the	ons on the objections	ective answer s circle A. B. C o	heet provided. F	our possible answers of each question with	1.5.0				
1.1	. Which on	e of the followin	g cannot be p	olarized?	•	and quodadir man	Marker of Fell lift of	i trie allowe	sneet	provided.	
	(A)	UV Rays	(B)	Radio Wa	ves (C)	T.V waves	(D)	Sound	wave	8	
2	?. The speed	d of light in a m	edium of refra	ctive index 1.3	3 is:		, ,		,,,,,,	•	
	(A) •	1.3 C	(B)	$\frac{1.3}{C}$	(C)	$\frac{c}{1.3}$	(D)	(;		
3	If the temperature of the source increases then efficiency of a Carnot engine:										
	(A)	Increases	(B)	Decreases	(C)	Remains constant	(D) First inc	reases the	en dec	reases	
4	. The S.I un	it of molar spec	ific heat is:	(A) J mol	-1 K-1 (B)	$\int mol K^{-1}$ (CY	fmolk (D)		mol		
5.	. The numb	er of significant	zeros in the r	number 0.0090	04 is / are:						
	(A)	1	(B)	2	(C)	3	(D)	4	/		
6.	The dimen	sion of angular	momentum "	Ž" are:				1			
	(A)	$[ML T^{-1}]$	(B)	$[ML^2 T^{-1}]$	1 (0)	$\left[M_{L^{2}}^{2}T^{-2}\right]$	(D)	[WY-	² T]		
7.	If $\vec{A} = 6\hat{i}$	and $\vec{B} = +6\hat{j}$	then angle o	$f\vec{A} + \vec{B}$ with	$Y \neq axis$ is:						
	(A)	00	(B)	15°	(0)-	300	(D)	45	6)/	ſ	
8.	If $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = 0$	and \vec{A} . $\vec{C}=0$	then vector.	\vec{A} is parallel to	0:				-1°		
	(A)	$ec{B}$	(B)	\vec{c}	(C)	$\overline{\vec{B} \times \vec{C}}$	(D)	$ec{B}$, ϵ	<i></i>		
9.	The velocity	y of an object d	ropped from a	building at ar		/		D, (•		
	(A)	$\frac{1}{2}g$:	(B).	g	(0) (D)	at			
10.	The slope of	fvèlocityme	graph of a boo	ty is constant.	The body is m	oving with:					
	(A) . (b)	Iniform velocity	(B)	Variable acce	leration (C	Uniform accelera	ation (D) Negat	ive variable	accele	eration	
11.		y is due to the g	ravitational p	ull of:		/					
	(A)	Sun	(B)	Earth	(C)	Mars	(D)	Moon			
12.	The angular	velocity of the	minute hand	of a clock is:							
		$2\pi \operatorname{rad} S^{-1}$	(B)	π rad S-1		$\frac{\pi}{60}$ rad S^{-1}		$\frac{\pi}{1800}$ rad	d S ⁻¹		
13.	If the linear	velocity and rac	lius are both r	nade half for a	a body moving i	in a circle then cent	ripetal force will be:				
	(A)	$2F_C$	(B)	$\frac{F_C}{2}$	(C)	$\frac{F_C}{4}$	(D)	F_C			
14.	The dimensi	ons of 'sgh' are	similar to tha	t of:							
	(A)	Pressure	(B)	K.E	(C)	Torque	(D)	Powe	г		
15.	If a pendulur	n oscillates with	n a frequency	0.5 Hz then its	s length will be:						
	(A)	10 cm	(B)	50 cm	(C)	80 cm	(D)	100 cr	n		
16.	Speed of sound at 10 degree Celsius is:										
	(A) 3	$332 ms^{-1}$	(B)	$339 \ ms^{-1}$	(C)	$349 \ ms^{-1}$	(D)	360 ms	-1		
17.	Velocity of so	ound has maxin	num value at :	20° <i>C</i> in:							
	(A)	Lead	(B)	Copper	(C) 829-11-A-	Glass	(D)	Iron			

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Roll No	to be filled in by the candidate	HSSC-(P-I)-A/2023	Marks: vu
		(For All Sessions)	
Phys	i CS (Subjective)	(GROUP-I)	Time: 2:40 hours
		SECTION-1 RWP-11-1-23	
2.	Write short answers of any eight parts		(8x2=16)
i.	-	s for the amount of substance, the kilogram and the mo	
ii.	The period of a simple pendulum is mean	sured by a stop watch. What types of errors are possibl	e in the time period?
iii.		avitational constant G in the formula $F \;=\; G\; m_1 m_2/r$	
iv.		$=\sqrt{rac{F imes l}{m}}$, where V is speed of transverse wave on a st	retched string.
٧.		vity under the action of its weight? Explain	
vi.	Name the three different conditions that	could make $\vec{A}_1 imes \vec{A}_2 = \vec{O}$	
vii.	Explain briefly the right hand rule to find	the direction of vector product/	
viii.	Can the velocity of an object reverse dire	ection when acceleration is constant? It so give an exam	nple.
ix.	Define impulse and show how it is related	d to linear momentum.	\
Х.	What happens when two bodies of same m	asses collide elastically? xi. Rerive a relation for the	ie range of the projectile.
xii.	A person is standing near a fast moving	train. In there any sanger that he will fall towards it?	
3.	Write short answers of any eight parts		(8x2=16)
i.	1 10 10 1	ii. (An object has 1 Jel potential energy. Explain what	
iii.		ch accidentally smashes a green house window. List the p	possible energy changes.
iv.	Find out the relation between linear and	angular velocity.	
٧.	Explain how many minimum number of g	leo-stationary satellites are required for global coverage	e of T.V transmission?
vi.	Why does a diver change his body positi		
vii.	What should be the length of a simple pe	indulum whose period is 1.0 second at a place where $arphi$	$f = 9.8ms^{-2}$?
viii.	Does frequency depend on amplitude for	harmonic oscillators?	
ix.	Can we realize an ideal simple pendulun		
xi.	Explain why sound travels faster in warm		-
4.	Write short answers of any six parts for	rom the following:	(6x2=12)
į.	What do you understand by the term "se		4.64
ii,	How would you elaborate optical rotation	? jjj/ Calculate the speed of light in a glass of	of refractive index 1.5.
iv.	Can visible light produce interference frir	iges? Explain your answer with proper reasons.	
٧.		vex lens as magnifier? Make a diagram to support your	answer.
vi.	State Carnot Theorem and also state ext	ended theorem by Carnot.	
vii.	How would you develop postulates of kir	netic theory of gases which can help to formulate a math	nematical model.
viii.		oom, when an air conditioner is left running on a table in	the middle of the room?
ix.	Can the mechanical energy be converted	d completely into heat energy? If so, give an example.	
		SECTION-II	(A. O O.A.)
lote	Attempt any three questions. Each qu		(8x3=24)
i. (a)	What is scalar product of two vectors? Write		5
(b)	80 km / h. What power (KW) must the engine		one at 3
. (a)	Define centripetal force and prove that $Fc =$		
(b)	truck and the care move together after the in		
7. (a)	State and explain Bernoulli's equation.	(b) Find the average speed of oxygen molecules in air	
8. (a)	How stationary waves are produced in a stri	ng? Show that harmonics are integral multiples of fundamen	tal nequency?
(b)	maximum distance through which the spring	ht of 0.80m on to a spring of spring constant = $1960Nm^-$ will be compressed.	
9.(a)	Define telescope. Describe the construction	of an astronomical telescope and derive an expression for it	ts magnifying power. 5

Sodium light ($\lambda = 589 \ nm$) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per centimeter. What is the highest order of the spectrum obtained with this grating?

**	Roll No to be filled i	in by the candida	ite H	SSC-(P-I)-	A/2023 Pa	per Code	6 4	7 6
_	/sics (Objective)		All Sessio	Carried Street	7.001 (1410)	Time: 20		Marks: 1
Note:	Write Answers to the Questions r you consider correct, fill the co	s on the objective a	answer sheet p	rovided. Four	possible answers A, E	G, C and D to	sach question a	e given. Win
1.1.	The example of mechanica		Rul	-11-2	-23	ker of Pen ink	on the answer si	neet provided
	(A) Water waves	(B) R	adio waves	(C)	Infrared waves	(D)	Ultraviolet	waves
2.	Sound waves cannot travel	through:	**					
	(A) Water	(B)	Air	(C)	Material medium	(D)	Vacuu	m
3.	Light is polarized by using:							
	(A) Sodium chloride	(B) C	ptical fiber	(C)	Dichroic substance	(D)	Plane gla	ass
4.	It becomes possible to send	d light to inaccess	ible place due	e to:				
	(A) Coaxial cable	(B) O	ptical fiber	(C)	Copper wire	(D)	Glass w	ire
5.	When hot and cold water ar	e mixed, the entre	ору:					
	(A) Decreases	(B)	ncreases	(C)	Remains constant	(D)	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	0
6.	Force acting on the piston to	o move outward is	s: _ /				\rightarrow	
	(A) Intake stroke	(B) Comp	ressivé stroke) (C)	Power stroke	(D)	Exhaust st	roke
7.	The number of significant fig	gures in 0.00232,i	s :		5/1/		$\langle \ \rangle$	
	(A) 3	(B) \	4	(C)	5	(D)	6	
8.	Number of colours used in p	process of colour	printing to pro	duce the enti	re range of colours	are:		
	(A) 7	(B)	P _I	(C)	\\5	(D)	4	
9.	If $Ax = Ay$, then the angle	between \vec{A} and x	c - axis is:					
	(A) 30°/	(B)	45°	(C)	60%	(D)	90°	
10.	If \vec{A} has components Ax and	d Ay, the magnitu	ude of Ax is g	iven by:				
	(A) $A - Ay$	(B) (A	$-Ay$ $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$	(C)	$(A-Ay)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	(D)	$(A^2 - Ay)$	$(2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
11. /	When average velocity beco	mes equal to hist	antaneous ve	locity then bo	dy is said to be call	ed moving wi	th:	
1	(A) Instantaneous acceler	ation (B) Va	riable acceler	ation (C)	Uniform velocity	(D)	Variable vel	ocity
12.	The velocity time graph is pa	rallel to the time	axis, the acce	leration of the	e moving body is:			
	(A) Rositive	(B)	Wegative	(C)	Maximum	(D)	Zero	
13.	A body of mass 2kg moving	with velocity Ams	s ^{−1} has K.E e	qual to:				
	(A) 16 J	(B)	8 J	(C)	2 J	(D)	32 J	
14.	Apparent weight of an object	ja a lift moving d	own with acce	eleration $a =$	<i>g</i> is:			
	(A) $W + ma$	(B) Zero		(C)	W	(D)	Infinity	
15.	If radius of earth is increased	I four times of the	present, criti	cal velocity I/	o becomes:			
	(A) $V_o/\sqrt{2}$	(E) √2			217	(D)	$V_{0,\ell}$	
,	(A) $\sqrt{2}$	(E) $\sqrt{2}$	V_o (C)		$2V_O$	(D)	$v_0/_2$	
16.	Venturimeter is a device used	d to measure:						
((A) Density of fluid	(B) Spe	ed of fluid	(C)	Pressure of fluid	(D)	Viscosity of	fluid
17.	By increasing the mass of the	e object four times	s attached to a	a spring. Tim	e period will become	e :		
(A) Same	(B)	Twice	(C)	Three times	(D)	Four time	S
		1	83	1-11-A-				

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Physics (Subjective)

(For All Sessions)

CHRONIEN Rwp-11-2-23

Time: 2:40 hours

Write short answers of any eight parts from the following:

 $(8x2 \approx 16)$

- What are the dimensions and units of gravitational constant 'G' in the formula $F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$
- How many years are in 1 second? ii.
- iii. Define light year. What are units and dimensions of light year?
- Show that $S = V_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$ is dimensionally correct. İ٧.
- Write down the steps for addition of vectors by rectangular component methed.
- Is it possible to add a vector quantity to a scalar quantity? Explain. VI.
- Can a body rotate about its center of gravity under the action of its weight? VII.
- An object is thrown vertically upward. Discuss the sign of acceleration due to gravity, relative to velocity, while the object is in air. VIII.

SECTION-

- At what point or points in its path does a projectile has its minimum speed, its maximum speed?
- A rubber ball and lead ball of same size are moving with same velocity. Which hall has great momentum and why?
- Show that $\vec{l} = \Delta \vec{P}$ XI.

Why fog droplets appear to be suspended in air?

Write short answers of any eight parts from the following: 3.

(8x2=16)

- Calculate the work done in kilo joules in lifting a mass of 10 kg (at a steady velocity) through a vertical height of 10m. į.
- A girl drops a cup from a certain height, which breaks into pieces. What energy changes are involved? ij.
- iv. What is meant by moment of inertia? Explain its significance. Describe the negative work with an example? iii.
- When mud flies off the tyre of a moving dicyclo, in what direction does it fly? V.
- If a person is falling in an elevator freely. What will be his weight? Measured by himself. Vİ.
- Does frequency depend on amplitude for harmonic oscillators? VII.
- Describe two common phenomena in which resonance plays an important role. VIII.
- How long must a simple pendulum be in order to have a period of one second?
- How are beats useful in-turing musical instruments? xi. Explain the term trough and node. Χ.
- What happens when a people is dropped into a quiet pond?
- Write short answers of any six parts from the following: Ą.

(6x2=12)

- An oil film spreading over a wet footpath shows colour. Explain how does it happen? i.
- How would you manage to get more orders of spectra using a diffraction grating? ii.
- How coherent light beams can be produced? Explain. iii.
- Why would it be advantageous to use blue light with a compound microscope?
- What do you mean by length of telescope?
- Explain the average velocity of the molecules in a gas is zero but the average of the square of velocities is not zero?
- Give an example of a process in which no heat is transferred to or from the system but the temperature of the system changes. VII.
- Does entropy of a system increases of decreases due to heat engine? ix. Define the 2nd law of thermodynamics VIII.

Attempt any three questions. Each question carries equal marks: Note

(8x3=24)

- Discuss the inter-conversion of potential energy and kinetic energy for falling object when friction force is not considered. 5. (a)
 - Find the angle between two forces of equal magnitude when the magnitude of their resultant is also equal to the (b) magnitude of either of these forces.
- What is meant by artificial gravity? Prove that $f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{g}{R}}$ 6. (a)
 - A ball is thrown with a speed of $30ms^{-1}$ in a direction 30° above the horizon. Determine the height to which it rises and (b) time of flight.
- Show that the product of cross sectional area of the pipe and fluid speed at any point along the pipe is constant. 7. (a)
 - 336J of energy is required to melt 1g of ice at 0°C. What is change in entropy of 30g of water as it is changed to ice at
- Why simple pendulum is called simple? Also derive the relation for time period and discuss how the time period depends 8. (a) upon length and gravity.
 - Find the temperature at which the velocity of sound in air is two times its velocity at 10°C. (b)
- What is simple microscope? Calculate its magnifying power. 9. (a)
 - Sodium light ($\lambda = 589nm$) is incident normally on a grating having 3000 lines per centimeter. What is the highest order of the spectrum obtained with this grating? 832-11-A-

