1224	Warning:- Please writ (Inter Part - II)	te your Roll No. in the s (Session 2020-22 t	pace provided and sign. © 2022-24) Sig. of	Roll NoStudent
Physic	s (Objective) (C	Group I)		Paper (II)
Time /	Allowed:- 20 minutes	PAPER COL	DE 4471	Maximum Marks:-
result in Answer	le in front of that question not zero mark in that question. Sheet and fill bubbles accord	Write PAPER CODE, which	is printed on this question p	Maximum Marks:- which you think is correct; fill lling two or more circles will aper, on the both sides of the ation. Use of Ink Remover or
white co	orrecting fluid is not allowed.			Q. 1
1)	The capacitance of a cha quantity of charge on the	capacitor will be	nergy stored on the accoun	
	(A) Zero	(B) $Q = CV$	(C) $Q = \sqrt{2UC}$	(D) $Q = \sqrt{\frac{UC}{2}}$
	Later than the market in			s then potential difference
3)	(A) 4×10^{20} v A car battery has emf 1	(B) 64×10^{19} v 2 v and internal resistance	(C) 64×10^{18} v e $5 \times 10^{-2} \Omega$, if it draws 60	(D) 64 v 0 A current, the terminal
	voltage of battery will b	6B) 5 V	(C) 9 V	(D) 12 V
4)	The resistance of the co	oil of ammeter is R the sh	unt required to increase i	
٠,	have a resistance		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
	(A) R/n+1	(B) R/n-1	(C) nR	(D) R/n
5)	When electron moves t	hrough a magnetic field,	then change occurs in	(m) 10
	(A) Speed	(B) Direction	(C) Energy	(D) Mass
-	~	(T) 1 4 100 600 600 400 400 100	change of current in the c	(D) Mutual inductance
7)	A coil having 500 squa	re 100 ps; each of side We of 0.1 tesla per second.	(C) Self inductance cmine placed normal to	the magnetic field which
		(B) 0.5 v	(C) I v	(D) 5 v
8)	(A) 0.1 v During frequency modi	ulation when amplitude o	of signal is zero, the frequ	
	(A) Normal	(B) Zero	(C) Minimum	(D) Maximum
9)	In RC series circuit vol	tage drops across resistor	(C) Minimum r is 30 v and across capac	
	(A) 70 v	(B) 10 v	(C) 50 v	(D) 120 v
10) A Force F is needed to wire of same length a	break a copper wire havi nd radius 2R will be	ng radius R. The force no	and the second s
	(A) F/2	(B) 2F	(C) 4F	(D) F/4
11) In common emitter tran	nsistor amplifier the input	t signal and output signal	are always
	(A) Have same magnitude	(B) Have same phase	(C) Negative	(D) Out of phase by 180°
12	The term inverter is use	ed for	(C) NOT gate	(D) All gates
13		e are accelerated through	same voltages the ratio o	
	wavelength will be (A) 1:2	(B) $2\sqrt{2}:1$	(C) $\sqrt{2}:1$	(D) 2:1
14	When a photon collide	with an electron which o	f the following of photon	
ř	(A) Wavelength	(B) Energy	(C) Frequency	(D) All of these
15	The ratio of the longest	and shortest wavelength	of the Lyman series is a	pproximately
	(A) 4/3 (b) The SI unit of radiation	(B) 9/4	(C) 9/5	(D) 16/7
10	(A) Rem	(B) Gray	(C) Becquerel	(D) Roentgen
17	(A) Rem (A) Leptons are particles the (A) Strong nuclear force	nat do not experience	(C) Weak nuclear forc	e (D) Magnetic force
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	sics	Warning:- Please, do not write anything on this question paper except your Roll No. (Subjective) (Group I) (Session 2020-22 to 2022-24) (Inter Part - II) Paper (II)
	e Allo	wed: 2.40 hours SGD-1-24 Section I Maximum Marks: 68
2.	An	swer briefly any Eight parts from the followings:- $8 \times 2 = 16$
(i)	VVD	at is RC time constant. Prove that unit of RC is second. (ii) Define potential gradient. Give its direction and units.
(iii)	If a	point charge 'q' of mass 'm' is released in a non-uniform electric field with field lines
<i>(*</i>)		nting in the same direction, will it make a rectilinear motion?
(iv)	Is E	enecessarily zero inside a charged rubber balloon if balloon is spherical? Assume that charge is
	dist	ributed uniformly over the surface. (v) Define current sensitivity of a galvanometer.
(vi)	Wh	y is there no work done by the magnetic force that acts on the charge.
(vii)	If a c	harged particle moves in a straight line through some region of space, can you say that magnetic field in this region is zero?
(viii)	,	the resistance of an ammeter should be very low. (ix) What is the function of cadmium rods in a nuclear
	reac	
(x)	Wh	at is meant by dead time for G.M. counter. Give its value for G.M. tube.
(xi)	Ho	w can radioactivity help in the treatment of cancer?
(xii)	Wh	at is a radioactive tracer? Describe one application each in medicine, agriculture and industory.
3.	An	swer briefly any Eight parts from the followings:- $8 \times 2 = 16$
(i)	Is th	e filament resistance lower or higher in a 500 W, 220 V light bulb than in a 100 W, 220 V bulb?
(ii)	In a	R – L circuit , will the current Lag or Lead the voltage? Illustrate you answer by a vector diagram.
(iii)	Dra	w a stress strain curve for ductile material and define yield point.
(iv)		does the motion of an electron in a n-type substance differ from the motion of holes in a p-type substance?
(v)	Wh	at is drift velocity? Give its value. (vi) What is the phenomenon of electroplating.
(vii)		two uses of three phase A.C supply. (viii) What is phase of A.C? How you express it by vector diagram.
(ix)		erentiate between unit cell and crystal lattice. (x) Differentiate between elasticity and plasticity of a
` ,		erial.
(xi)		t is normal operation of transistor? Show by diagram. (xii) Can a transistor work as a switch? Explain.
4.	An	
(i)	In a	swer briefly any Six parts from the followings:- $6 \times 2 = 12$ certain region the earth's magnetic field points vertically down. When a plane flies due north,
(-)		ich wingtip is positively charged?
(ii)		es the induce emf always act to decrease the magnetic flux through a circuit?
(iii)		
(iv)		ne the factors upon which the self inductance depends.
(v)	W/h	the brightness of a beam of light primarily depends on the frequency of photons or on the number of photons?
(vi)		at advantages an electron microscope has over an optical microscope?
		ne stopping potential and threshold frequency in photoelectric effect.
(vii)		w that Compton shift is equal to Compton wavelength at an angle of 90°.
(viii)		ergy conserved when an atom emits a photon of light? (ix) Differentiate between K _o X – rays and K _B X – rays.
Note: 5.	(a)	mpt any three questions. Section
٠.	(b)	State Gauss's Law. Calculate the electric intensity due to an infinite sheet of charge. The potential difference between the terminals of a battery in open circuit is 2.2 V, when it is connected across a
	(0)	resistance of 5.0Ω , the potential falls to $1.8 V$. Calculate the current and the internal resistance of the battery.
6.	(a)	What is transformer? Describe its principle, construction and working in detail.
0.		
	(b)	The resistance of a galvanometer is 50.0Ω and reads full scale deflection with a current of 2.0 mA.
~	<i>(</i>)	Show by a diagram how to convert this galvanometer into voltmeter reading 200 V full scale
7.	(a)	How can we use comparator as a Night Switch? Explain with the help of diagram.
	(b)	A 10 mH, 20 Ω coil is connected across 240 V and $\frac{180}{\Omega}$ Hz source. How much power does it dissipate?
× .	(0)	A 10 mm, 20 12 coins connected across 240 V and —— Hz source. How much power does it dissipate?
8.	(a)	Write a note on Compton effect.
	(b)	A 1.0 m long copper wire is subjected to a stretching force and its length increases by 20 cm.
9.	(a)	Calculate the tensile strain and the percent elongation which the wire undergoes.
è		What is He – Ne Laser? Explain. Also write uses of laser in medicine and industry.
,	(b)	A 75 Kg person receives a whole body radiation dose of 24 m-rad, delivered by α – particles
		for which RBE factor is 12. Calculate (i)absorbed energy in Joules (ii)Equivalent dose in rem
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1224	Warning:- Please write (Inter Part – II)	te your Roll No. in the s (Session 2020-22 to	space provided and sign 0 2022-24) Sig. of		No	
Physic	es (Objective) 矣	10-2-29 Group I			per (II)	
Time .	Allowed:- 20 minutes	PAPER CO				
Note:- You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct; fill that circle in front of that question number. Use marker or pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question. Write PAPER CODE, which is printed on this question paper, on the both sides of the Answer Sheet and fill bubbles accordingly, otherwise the student will be responsible for the situation. Use of Ink Remover or white correcting fluid is not allowed. Q. 1 1) If the distance between two point charge is halved, the electric intensity becomes						
	(A) Half	(B) $\frac{1}{4}$ times	(C) Double		4 times	
2)	Current which flows fro	m high potential to low p	ootential is			
rs.	(A) Electric current	(B) Conventional current	(C) Eddy current	(D)	Remain constant	
3)	The value of permeability (A) $4\pi \times 10^{-9} WbA^{-1}m^{-1}$	ty of free space is (B) $4\pi \times 10^{-7} WbA^{-1}m^{-1}$	(C) $4\pi \times 10^{-10} WbA^{-1}m^{-1}$	·1 (D)	$4\pi \times 10^7 WbA^{-1}m^{-1}$	
4)	Lenz's law applies on					
	(A) Magnitude of emf	(B) Direction of emf	(C) Direction of induced current	(D)	Resistance	
	The mean value of A.C (A) 1	in a cycle is (B) 0	(C) I _o	(D)	$\frac{I_o}{\sqrt{2}}$	
	Which one is a ductile so (A) Glass Reverse current flows do	(B) Wood	(C) Lead	(D)	Oxygen	
	(A) Majority charge carrier Earth orbital speed is	(B) Minority charge carrier	(E) Electrons	(D)	Holes	
	(A) 10 km/s Which of the series of h	(B) 20 km/s	(5) 30 km/s	(D)	40 km/s	
	(A) Laymen series	(B) Balmer series	(C) Paschen series	(D)	Bracket series	
	The binding energy per in (A) Helium Which one is photo cond	(B) Iron	(C) Polonium	(D)	Radium	
	(A) Copper If the length and turns of	(B) Selenium	(C) Mercury trength of magnetic field	(D) will	Aluminium	
	(A) Doubled	(B) Half	(C) Constant		Four times	
13)	Energy stored in inducto (A) $\frac{1}{2}LI^2$	(B) $\frac{1}{2}LI$	(C) $\frac{1}{2}L^2I$ (D)	$\frac{1}{2}$	L^2I^2	
	In case of A.C through re	2	2	2		
	(A) 0° A diode characteristic cu	(B) 90°	(C) 180°	(D) 2	270°	
	(A) Current and Resistance At low temperature, Bod	(B) Voltage and Time	(C) Voltage and current	(D)	Current and Time	
((B) Long wavelength	(C) High frequency	(D) l	Both (A) and (C)	
		(B) γ – rays	(C) α – rays	(D)	Electrons	
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Physic	cs (S	Subjective) Group (II) (Session 2020-22 to 2022-24) Paper (II)				
Time						
2.	Ans	wer briefly any Eight parts from the followings: $5(4)-2-248 \times 2=16$				
(i)	How	can you identify that which plate of a capacitor is positively charged?				
(ii)	Elec	tric lines of force never cross. Why? (iii) State Coulomb's law. Also write its mathematical form.				
(iv)		e down at least two properties of electric field lines.				
(v)	Suppose that a charge 'q' is moving in a uniform magnetic field with a velocity v. Why is there no work done by the magnetic force that acts on the charge q?					
(vi)	Why does the picture on a T.V screen become distorted when a magnet is brought near the screen?					
(vii)	Define right hand rule for determining the direction of magnetic field in a current carrying conductor.					
(viii)	rina	the value of the magnetic field that will cause a maximum force of 2.0×10 ⁻³ N on a 10 cm				
(ix)		ght wire carrying a current of 5A.				
(xi) :	Tefi	are heavy nuclei unstable? (x) What factor make a fusion reaction difficult to achieve. ne mass defect and binding energy. Also write their mathematical expressions.				
(xii)	Show	w that $1u = 931$ MeV by using the relation $E = mc^2$.				
3.	Ans	were briefly any Eight parts from the followings:- $8 \times 2 = 16$				
(i)	Do b	ends in a wire effect its electrical resistance? Explain.				
(ii)	Why	heat is produced in a conductor due to flow of current.				
(iii)	Wha	t are the difficulties in testing whether the filament of a lighted bulb obeys ohm's Law?				
(iv)	A sir	nusoidal current has rms value of 20 A. What is the maximum or peak value?				
(v)	How i	many times per minutes will be an incandescent Lamp reach maximum brilliance when connected to 50 Hz Source.				
(vi)	Wha	t is power factor in an A.C circuit? Explain. (vii) Define stress and strain. What are their SI units?				
(viii)	Defi	ne modulus of elasticity. Show that the units of modulus of elasticity and stress are the same.				
(ix)	What	is squids and where it is used? (x) Define the current gain of a Transistor. Give Mathematical expression.				
(xi)	Why	a photo diode is operated in reverse biased state?				
(xii)	How	does the motion of an electron in a n-type substance differ from the motion of holes in p-type substance?				
4.	Answer briefly any Six parts from the followings:- $6 \times 2 = 12$					
(i)	In transformer, output power is less than input power. Why? Explain.					
(ii)	Can an electric motor be used to drive an electric generator with the output from the generator being used to operate the motor?					
(iii)	Does	s the induced emf always act to decrease the magnetic flux through a circuit?				
(iv)	wnat	is frame of reference? Also differentiate between inertial and non-inertial frames of reference.				
(v)	WIN	e the postulates upon which special theory of relativity is based.				
(vi)		higher frequency light eject greater number of electrons than low frequency light? cossible to create a single electron from energy? Explain.				
(vii) (viii)		two postulates of Bohr's model of the Hydrogen atom.				
(ix)		t are the advantages of lasers over ordinary light?				
		mpt any three questions. Section II $(8 \times 3 = 24)$				
	(a)	Derive the expressions for electrical power and power dissipated in resistors.				
	(b)	Two point charges, $q_1 = -1.0 \times 10^{-6} C$ and $q_2 = +4.0 \times 10^{-6} C$, are separated by a distance of				
	(-)					
	(-)	3.0 m. Find and justify the zero – field location.				
	(a)	Derive an expression of force acting on a moving charge in a magnetic field. An ideal step down transformer is connected to main supply of 240 V. It is desired to operate a				
	(b)	12 V, 30 W lamp. Find the current in the primary and the transformation ratio.				
7.	(a)	What is transistor? How can we use it as an amplifier. Find an expression for gain of an amplifier.				
, .	(4)					
	(b)	A circuit has an inductance of $\frac{1}{\pi}H$ and resistance of 2000 Ω . A 50 Hz A.C is supplied to it.				
		Calculate the reactance and impedance offered by the circuit.				
8.	(a)	Define photoelectric effect? Discuss it when the intensity of incident light remain constant.				
	(b)	A 1.5 cm diameter cylinder is subjected to a load of 2500 kg. Calculate the stress on the bar				
		in mega pascals.				
	(a)	Explain the term mass defect and binding energy with an example.				
	(b)	Compute the shortest wavelength radiation in the Balmer series? What value of n must be used?				

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